

$$Y = X_1^2 + W$$

$X_1$  &  $W$  are independent

$$\& E(W) = 0$$

$$E(Y|X_1) = E(X_1^2 + W|X_1) \stackrel{\text{sum}}{=} E(X_1^2|X_1) + E(W|X_1) \stackrel{\text{take out what is known/given}}{=} X_1^2 + E(W) \stackrel{\text{clwp what is independent}}{=} X_1^2$$

BLP of  $Y$  given  $X_1$

$$\beta_0^* + \beta_1^* X_1$$

$$\beta_0^* = \frac{E(Y) - \beta_1^* E(X_1)}{1}$$

$$E(Y) = E(E(Y|X_1)) = E(X_1^2) = (-1)^2 + 1 = 2$$

$$\beta_1^* = \frac{\text{Cov}(X_1, Y)}{\text{Var}(X_1) = 1}$$

need distribution of  $X_1$

$X_1 \sim N(-1, 1)$  as example

For  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$$E(X) = \mu \quad \text{Var}(X)$$

$$E(X^2) = \mu^2 + \sigma^2$$

$$E(X^3) = \mu^3 + 3\mu\sigma^2$$

$$\text{Cov}(X_1, Y) = E(X_1 Y) - E(X_1) E(Y) \stackrel{-1}{=} E(X_1^3) - (-1) \cdot 2 \stackrel{2}{=} E(X_1^3) + 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So } E(X_1 Y) &= E(E(X_1 Y | X_1)) \\ &= E(X_1 E(Y | X_1)) \\ &= E(X_1 X_1^2) \\ &= E(X_1^3) = \dots \end{aligned}$$

You can now complete the calculations.